



Haryana Public Service Commission

Bays No. 1-10, Block-B, Sector-4, Panchkula

ANNOUNCEMENT

It is hereby announced for the information of candidates who have applied for the post of Medical Officer(s) Group-A, (HCMS-I) in ESI Health Care, Labour Department, Haryana in response to advertisement No. 1/2023 dated 06.01.2023, that the Commission has decided as under :-

Scheme/Pattern of Exam:-

1. Screening Test

- a) Total Number of MCQs. :100 as per syllabus enclosed.
- b) Total Marks: 100
- c) Time duration of the Exam: 2 hours
- d) All questions carry equal marks.
- e) Each question will have five options. The fifth option will be meant for a situation where a candidate intends to leave the question un-attempted.
- f) One-fourth mark will be deducted for each wrong answer.
- g) In case a candidate neither attempts a question nor darkens the fifth option/bubble, then One-fourth mark will be deducted for each such question.
- h) Medium of Exam will be in English language.
- i) A candidate will have to secure a minimum of 25% marks to clear the screening test.
- j) Candidates four times the number of advertised posts, category-wise, will be called for the next stage of selection process, provided that they have secured the minimum cut-off marks of 25%.
- k) The marks obtained by the candidates in the screening test will not be counted for final selection because it is meant only for shortlisting of category-wise candidates.



2. Subject Knowledge Test

- a) Time duration of exam: 03 hours
- b) Syllabus enclosed.
- c) Medium of Exam will be in English language.
- d) Total Marks: 150
- e) Paper will be subjective type.
- f) No candidate will be called for the interview /viva-voce test unless she/he secures a minimum of 35% marks in the test.
- g) The number of the candidates called for interview will be two times, including bracketed candidates if any, of the number of category-wise advertised posts provided that they have secured the minimum cut-off marks of 35%.
- h) The weightage of the Subject Knowledge Test will be 87.5%.

3. Third Stage of Examination:- Interview

- a) The weightage of the interview will be 12.5%.
4. The final merit list will be prepared by adding the marks of the Subject Knowledge Test and interview.
5. Date of Screening Test: 17th September, 2023.

Dated: 08/08/2023


Deputy Secretary
Haryana Public Service Commission
Panchkula


SYLLABUS FOR THE POST OF MEDICAL OFFICER (Group - A), HCMS - I, in ESI

PART I

1. Human Anatomy :

Applied anatomy including blood and nerve supply of upper and lower limbs and joints of shoulder, hip and knee.

Gross anatomy, blood supply and lymphatic drainage of tongue, thyroid, mammary gland, stomach, liver, prostate, gonads and uterus.

Applied anatomy of diaphragm, perineum and inguinal region.

Clinical anatomy of kidney, urinary bladder, uterine tubes, vas deferens.

Embryology : Placenta and placental barrier. Development of heart, gut, kidney, uterus, ovary, testis and their common congenital abnormalities.

Central and Peripheral Autonomic Nervous System : Gross and clinical anatomy of ventricles of brain, circulation of cerebrospinal fluid; Neural pathways and lesions of cutaneous sensations, hearing and vision; Cranial nerves distribution and clinical significance; Components of autonomic nervous system.

2. Human Physiology :

Conduction and transmission of impulse, mechanism of contraction, neuromuscular transmission, reflexes, control of equilibrium, posture and muscle tone, descending pathways, functions of cerebellum, basal ganglia, Physiology of sleep and consciousness.

Endocrine System : Mechanism of action of hormones; formation, secretion, transport, metabolism, function and regulation of secretion of pancreas and pituitary gland.

Physiology of Reproductive System : Pregnancy menstrual cycle, lactation, pregnancy.

Blood : Development, regulation and fate of blood cells.

Cardio-vascular, cardiac output, blood pressure, regulation of cardiovascular functions.

3. Biochemistry :

Organ function tests—liver, kidney, thyroid Protein synthesis.

Vitamins and minerals.

Restriction fragment length.

polymorphism (RFLP).

Polymerase chain reaction (PCR).

Radio-immunoassays (RIA).

4. Pathology :

Inflammation and repair, disturbances of growth and cancer, Pathogenesis and histopathology of rheumatic and ischaemic heart disease and diabetes mellitus. Differentiation between benign, Government strives to have a workforce which reflects gender balance and women candidates are encouraged to apply. malignant, primary and metastatic malignancies, Pathogenesis and histopathology of bronchogenic carcinoma, carcinoma breast, oral cancer, cancer cervix, leukemia, Etiology, pathogenesis and histopathology of—cirrhosis liver, glomerulonephritis, tuberculosis, acute osteomyelitis.

5. Microbiology :

Humoral and cell mediated immunity.

Diseases caused by and laboratory diagnosis of —

- * Meningococcus, Saimonella
- * Shigella, Herpes, Dengue, Polio
- * HIV/AIDS, Malaria, E. Histolytica, Giardia
- * Candida, Cryptococcus, Aspergillus.

6. Pharmacology :

Mechanism of action and side effects of the following drugs :

- * Antipyretics and analgesics, Antibiotics,
- * Antimalaria, Antikala-azar, Antidiabetics,
- * Antihypertensive, Antidiuretics, General and cardiac vasodilators, Antiviral, Antiparasitic, Antifungal, Immunosuppressants,
- * Anticancer.

7. Forensic Medicine and Toxicology

Forensic examination of injuries and wounds; Examination of blood and seminal stains; Poisoning, sedative overdose, hanging, drowning, burns, DNA and finger print study.

PART-II

1. General Medicine

Etiology, clinical features, diagnosis and principles of management (including prevention) of—Typhoid, Rabies, AIDS, Dengue, Kala-azar, Japanese Encephalitis.

Etiology, clinical features, diagnosis and principles of management of :

Ischaemic heart disease, pulmonary embolism.

Bronchial asthma.

Pleural effusion, tuberculosis, Malabsorption syndromes; acid peptic diseases, Viral hepatitis and cirrhosis of liver.

Glomerulonephritis and pyelonephritis, renal failure, nephrotic syndrome, renovascular hypertension, complications of diabetes mellitus, coagulation disorders, leukaemia, Hypo and hyper thyroidism, meningitis and encephalitis.

Imaging in medical problems, ultrasound, echo- cardiogram, CT scan, MRI.

Anxiety and Depressive Psychosis and schizophrenia and ECT.

2. Paediatrics

Government strives to have a workforce which reflects gender balance and women candidates are encouraged to apply.

Immunization, Baby friendly hospital, congenital cyanotic heart disease, respiratory distress syndrome, broncho— pneumonias, kernicterus. IMNCI classification and management, PEM grading and management. ARI and Diarrhea of under five and their management.

3. Dermatology

Psoriasis, Allergic dermatitis, scabies, eczema, vitiligo, Stevan Johnson's syndrome, Lichen Planus.

4. General Surgery

Clinical features, causes, diagnosis and principles of management of cleft palate, harelip. Laryngeal tumour, oral and esophageal tumours.

Peripheral arterial diseases, varicose veins, coarctation of aorta.

Tumours of Thyroid, Adrenal, Glands.

Abscess cancer, fibroadenoma and adenosis of breast.

Bleeding peptic ulcer, tuberculosis of bowel, ulcerative colitis, cancer stomach.

Renal mass, cancer prostate.

Haemothorax, stones of Gall bladder, Kidney, Ureter and Urinary Bladder.

Management of surgical conditions of Rectum, Anus and Anal canal, Gall bladder and Bile ducts.

Splenomegaly, cholecystitis, portal hypertension, liver abscess, peritonitis, carcinoma head of pancreas.

Fractures of spine, Colles' fracture and bone tumors.

Endoscopy.

Laparoscopic Surgery.

5. Obstetrics and Gynaecology including Family Planning

Diagnosis of pregnancy.

Labour management, complications of 3rd stage, Antepartum and postpartum hemorrhage, resuscitation of the newborn, Management of abnormal life and difficult labour. Management of small for date or premature newborn.

Diagnosis and management of anemia. Preeclampsia and Toxaemias of pregnancy, Management of Post- menopausal Syndrome.

Intra-uterine devices, pills, tubectomy and vasectomy. Medical termination of pregnancy including legal aspects.

Cancer cervix.

Leucorrhoea, pelvic pain; infertility, dysfunctional uterine bleeding (DUB), amenorrhoea, Fibroid and prolapse of uterus.

6. Community Medicine (Preventive and Social Medicine)

Principles, methods approach and measurements of Epidemiology.

Nutrition, nutritional diseases/disorders and Nutrition Programmes.

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Health information Collection, Analysis and Presentation.

Dy. Secretary
HPSC

Objectives, components and critical analysis of National programmes for control/eradication of :

Malaria, Kala-azar, Filaria and Tuberculosis,

HIV/AIDS, STDs and Dengue.

Critical appraisal of Health care delivery system.

Health management and administration; Techniques, Tools, Programme Implementation and Evaluation.

Objectives, Components, Goals and Status of Reproductive and Child Health, National Rural Health Mission and Millennium Development Goals.

Management of hospital and industrial waste.


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